

Antimicrobial coating to improve implants

April 29 2022



Credit: Pixabay

Infections after hip replacements and from orthopedic device procedures can be complicated and lead to painful and repeat surgeries, with the chance of "superbugs" leading to fatality.

Now Australian researchers from Flinders University, Swinburne University of Technology and RMIT have come up with a way to give medical device surfaces new antimicrobial resistant powers to safeguard against <u>infection</u> as well as improve and extend the implant's possible life.

The research team created a new surface coating by adding gallium liquid metal to hydroxyapatite for a novel compound with significant



long-term antibacterial properties, the scientists outline in a new publication in the American Chemical Society's *ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces*.

"Even with sterilization measures, opportunistic bacteria including the rise of some resistant to antibacterial drugs can form on biofilm build-up on contact surfaces of surgical and other devices," says lead medical biotech researcher Dr. Vi-Khanh ("Khanh") Truong from the Biomedical Nanoengineering Laboratory (BNL) at Flinders University.

"Even worse, with orthopedic devices an infection could be almost impossible to treat, particularly if it involves complications with antibiotic resistance," he says.

The new technique adds to the viability of regular hydroxyapatite-coated metallic implants, which have been known to fail and cause infection and even death in up to 2% of patients, says co-author Dr. Andrew Ang, from Swinburne University of Technology, Melbourne.

"Up to half of these infections can lead to further surgery and removal of the device—and this new coating also shows promise in integrating to the patient's bone."

The global orthopedic <u>device</u> market is forecast to rise from more than US\$45 billion to \$US64 billion by 2026, as the world's population continues to age.

With further testing, researchers say the technique, which uses plasma spray fabrication, could scale up for <u>commercial applications</u> in the future. Regulatory approvals could be simplified with both hydroxyapatite and gallium derivatives already FDA-approved compounds.



Demand for such applications—including for new-era dental or other implants which attach to bone—should be strong, given no orthopedic implants have antimicrobial surface modifications at present, Dr. Truong says.

"This novel coating is made using an environmentally friendly technology, with no harmful organic solvents used in the process," he adds.

Matthew Flinders Professor Krasimir Vasilev, director of the Biomedical Nanoengineering Laboratory, says the research group aims to provide clinicians and the biomedical industry with urgently needed new technologies to improve patient well-being and save lives.

"This is an example of this technology," says Professor Vasilev.

More information: Duy Quang Pham et al, Antibacterial Longevity of a Novel Gallium Liquid Metal/Hydroxyapatite Composite Coating Fabricated by Plasma Spray, *ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces* (2022). DOI: 10.1021/acsami.2c03695

Provided by Flinders University

Citation: Antimicrobial coating to improve implants (2022, April 29) retrieved 8 May 2023 from https://medicalxpress.com/news/2022-04-antimicrobial-coating-implants.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.