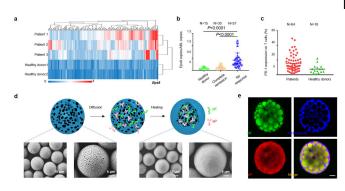


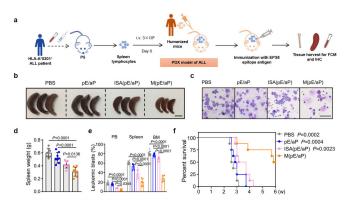
Scientists develop new precise therapeutic leukemia vaccine

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leukemia antigen and a checkpoint target for a leukemia vaccine," said Prof. Li Yuhua from Zhujiang Hospital.

In the novel vaccine, epitope peptides and PD-1 antibodies can be simply, mildly and efficiently loaded into polylactic acid microcapsules, facilitated by the unique self-healing feature of the microcapsule.



High expression of Eps8 and PD-1/PD-L1 in acute leukemia and construction of microcapsule vaccine loading with new epitope Eps8 and PD-1 antibody Credit: WEI Wei

Exploration of new leukemia antigens and construction of appropriate delivery systems using FDA-approved material are important strategies for developing leukemia vaccines for clinic use.

Researchers from the Institute of Process Engineering (IPE) of Chinese Academy of Sciences and Zhujiang Hospital of Southern Medical University have developed a new type of precise therapeutic <u>vaccine</u> against <u>leukemia</u>. It utilizes self-healing polylactic acid microcapsules for co-encapsulating a new epitope peptide and PD-1 antibody.

The study was published in *Nature Biomedical Engineering* on October 12.

Although the possibility of treating leukemia through vaccination has been established, therapeutic performance still falls short of expectations in clinic.

"Our clinical findings revealed the high expression of EPS8 and PD-1/PD-L1 in leukemia patients, which could be respectively used as a new type of Potent anti-leukemia activity in the PDX model Credit: WEI Wei

After a single vaccination, the deposition and degradation of microcapsules at the local injection site lead to recruitment of activated antigenpresenting cells and sustained release of both cargos.

"With the synergism of these two aspects, we observed a significant improvement in specific Cytotoxic T Lymphocyte (CTL) activation," said Prof. Wei Wei from IPE.

The researchers also verified the availability of the novel vaccine using various epitope peptides in different models, such as murine leukemia, humanized cell line-derived leukemia xenograft



(CDX) and patient-derived leukemia xenograft (PDX) models.

The microcapsule-based formulation demonstrated its superior performance over that of the ISA adjuvant (commercialized adjuvant) in all leukemia therapeutic models, showing the promise of the microcapsule-based vaccine for use against various leukemia antigens in clinic.

"With the advantages of FDA-approved polylactic acid material, convenience in preparing the vaccine formulation, diversity of vaccine components, and excellent therapeutic effect, the microcapsulebased vaccine exhibits great potential for clinical translation," said Prof. Ma Guanghui from IPE.

A peer reviewer from *Nature Biomedical Engineering* described the study as "comprehensive for a new platform." The reviewer also emphasized that the work is "exciting and convincing."

More information: Therapeutic vaccination against leukemia via the sustained release of coencapsulated anti-PD-1 and a leukemia-associated antigen. *Nature Biomedical Engineering* (2020). DOI: 10.1038/s41551-020-00624-6

Provided by Chinese Academy of Sciences

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