

## Vitamin B3 shows promise for glaucoma patients in clinical trial

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A world-first clinical trial led by the Center for Eye Research Australia has shown that vitamin B3 (nicotinamide) could play an important role in protecting against nerve cell damage that leads to blindness in glaucoma.

Results of the trial, led by Professor Jonathan Crowston and Dr. Flora Hui at the Center for Eye Research Australia, are published today in *Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology*. They show "significant improvement" in the visual function of glaucoma patients who received a daily high dose of 3 grams of nicotinamide for 12 weeks in addition to their regular treatment to reduce eye pressure.

Dr. Flora Hui, from the Center for Eye Research Australia, said a larger international trial was now needed to determine if the improvement shown in this study could be sustained over the longer term to reduce the progression of glaucoma.

The current study, which also includes researchers from the University of Melbourne, Duke NUS-Medical School, Singapore Eye Research Institute, Karolinska Institutet, University of Adelaide and Cambridge University, was conducted with glaucoma patients in Melbourne at private

ophthalmic clinics and the Royal Victorian Eye and Ear Hospital.

"For the first time, we have shown that daily high doses of vitamin B3 can lead to early and significant improvements in patients who are also receiving traditional treatments to lower eye pressure," Dr. Hui said.

"As a safe therapy that is well tolerated by patients, vitamin B3 has potential as a clinical supplement to support patients who are receiving glaucoma treatment."

Glaucoma is the world's leading causes of irreversible blindness, affecting more than 60 million people worldwide.

The disease, which leads to vision loss when cells in the optic nerve and retina are lost, is usually treated with eye drops or surgery to reduce eye pressure. However, there are currently no treatments to protect cells from further damage or to improve cell function.

CERA's trial followed 57 patients, all of whom received both placebo and vitamin B3 over the course of the study. The visual function of patients was tested using electroretinography, a <u>diagnostic</u> <u>test</u> which measures electrical activity in the cells of the retina, and visual field testing to determine any changes that occurred.

The trial found that in some people, high-dose nicotinamide significantly improved how nerve cells were functioning in the eye. A larger trial is now being planned to assess whether these improvements can help reduce disease progression over a longer period.

Professor Jonathan Crowston, who led the study at CERA and is now at Duke-NUS Medical School and Singapore Eye Research Institute, said the short-term improvement in retinal function is



## exciting.

"We now need a longer term study to know conclusively whether nicotinamide delays glaucoma progression more than simply using eye pressure lowering medications alone," he said.

"A larger study will help us determine whether vitamin B3 should be taken on an ongoing basis by glaucoma patients."

Earlier pre-clinical research in the US showed that vitamin B3 could prevent <u>optic nerve</u> degeneration—but this is the first time similar results have been witnessed in a human trial.

Dr. Hui said the findings provided hope of a treatment that could protect nerve cells and help those that had already been damaged to function better.

"Like adding oil to a car engine to allow it to run smoothly, <u>vitamin</u> B3 could be used to protect <u>cells</u> from damage and help those that have been affected by <u>glaucoma</u> work better."

**More information:** Flora Hui et al. Improvement in inner retinal function in glaucoma with nicotinamide (vitamin B3) supplementation: A crossover randomized clinical trial, *Clinical & Experimental Ophthalmology* (2020). DOI: 10.1111/ceo.13818

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