

Impact of lifestyle behaviors in early childhood on obesity

4 December 2019



al, Impact of lifestyle behaviors in early childhood on obesity and cardiometabolic risk in children: Results from the Spanish INMA birth cohort study, *Pediatric Obesity* (2019). DOI: 10.1111/ijpo.12590

Provided by Wiley

Credit: CC0 Public Domain

Adhering to a healthy lifestyle at age 4 years is associated with a decreased risk of overweight, obesity, and abdominal obesity at 7 years, according to a study published in *Pediatric Obesity*.

The study assessed five lifestyle behaviors—physical activity, sleep duration, television watching, ultra-processed <u>food</u> <u>consumption</u>, and plant-based food consumption—in 1,480 children when they were 4 years of age.

Limited TV time and low consumption of ultraprocessed foods, along with high sleep time, <u>physical activity</u>, and consumption of plant-based foods, were associated with lower body mass index and waist circumference and a lower likelihood of developing overweight or obesity and abdominal obesity at age 7 years. Longer TV viewing was the lifestyle factor that was most strongly associated with the development of obesity.

More information: Rowaedh Ahmed Bawaked et



APA citation: Impact of lifestyle behaviors in early childhood on obesity (2019, December 4) retrieved 19 November 2022 from <u>https://medicalxpress.com/news/2019-12-impact-lifestyle-behaviors-early-</u> <u>childhood.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.