

Loneliness heightened among gay men in certain age group in China

10 July 2019, by Theresa Kreif

Gay men in China ages 25-29 are eight times more susceptible to depression and anxiety. likely to feel criticized and rejected compared with men in that country ages 20 or younger, new University of Hawaii at Manoa research shows.

The reason may be that 25- to 29-year-olds tend to be out of college and in the workforce, where they may face overwhelming social discrimination, according to a study co-authored by Assistant Professor Thomas Lee in the Office of Public Health Studies at the Myron B. Thompson School of Social Work.

"There is great pressure from society and family that may be imposed on Chinese gay men," said Lee. "We found that these men feel criticized and rejected, and that these feelings are linked with loneliness."

The study, published in the *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, is part of a recent effort among [public health](#) researchers to develop a better understanding of the mental [health](#) of the LGBTQ community.

Lee and colleagues administered questionnaires to 367 gay men in China. Some of the surveys were conducted face-to-face, but the majority were administered online. More specifically, the link to the survey was shared with live-chat applications specifically designed for gay men in China.

The men answered questions that allowed the researchers to measure feelings of loneliness and whether the study subjects were experiencing depression, anxiety or other [psychological problems](#).

Several of the questions were aimed at measuring the men's degree of "interpersonal sensitivity," defined as a person's propensity to perceive and elicit criticism and rejection from others. People who are high in interpersonal sensitivity may have difficulty in communicating with others and are

The findings showed that gay men who had no siblings or [college degree](#) and who earned less money than average were more likely have a high degree of interpersonal sensitivity and loneliness. Also, those who had experienced more [sexual partners](#) during their lifetimes showed lower measures of interpersonal sensitivity and loneliness.

There was no link between disclosing one's sexual identity to others and men's degree of [interpersonal sensitivity](#), however, men who had disclosed their [sexual identity](#) to others felt less lonely.

"Traditional Chinese culture puts a strong emphasis on family inheritance and reproduction," said Lee. "Our results suggest that we need to be more aware of Chinese gay men's mental health and that everyone, especially family members, should offer more support to Chinese gay men and work to create a social environment that is more open and inclusive."

More information: Dongdong Jiang et al, Interpersonal Sensitivity and Loneliness among Chinese Gay Men: A Cross-Sectional Survey, *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health* (2019). [DOI: 10.3390/ijerph16112039](#)

Provided by University of Hawaii at Manoa

APA citation: Loneliness heightened among gay men in certain age group in China (2019, July 10)
retrieved 5 September 2022 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2019-07-loneliness-heightened-gay-men-age.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.