

A simulator allows patients to experience how their vision will improve before surgery

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The new system SimVis Credit: YAIZA GONZÁLEZ/ CSIC Communication

For the first time, patients will be able to experience how their vision will improve after cataract surgery, just before surgery. Thanks to a new wearable visual simulator developed by scientists from the National Research Council (CSIC), patients and surgeons are able to see the effects of an intraocular multifocal lens, which allows seeing at different distances, in a realistic way before being implanted.

The details regarding the validation of this new device are published in the latest issue of *Scientific Reports*.

Multifocal lenses are used in <u>cataract surgery</u> to replace the lens when it has lost its transparency or to correct for presbyopia. There are different lens designs in the market, and choosing one or another depends on each patient's tolerance and preference.

"The possibility of the patient experimenting with vision using a multifocal lens before the surgery is very attractive to reduce uncertainty and to

words, lenses are depicted in the simulator.

The new system SimVis. Credit: YAIZA GONZÁLEZ/ CSIC Communication

A realistic experience

"Visual simulators are an ideal technique to provide patients with a new realistic experience of multifocality before the implantation of a new intraocular lens. In addition, if the simulator is miniaturized and has a more practical design than the ones currently available in the market, benefits



could multiply," adds Marcos.

Researchers validated the simulator's realism in a group of <u>patients</u> by comparing the <u>visual acuity</u> obtained at different distances through a commercial trifocal lens—with focal points for close, intermediate and long focal distances—and through the same lens simulated by a <u>spatial light</u> <u>modulator</u> (another simulating technology) and by SimVis . "The response to multifocality depends on the subjects, but the real trifocal <u>lens</u> and the simulated one offered the same visual response through-focus in each patient," concludes CSIC researcher María Viñas, first author of the article.

The new simulator can be wirelessly controlled by a mobile application or a tablet. With this program, it is possible not just to control the device's lenses, but also to track the functional tests conducted on each patient wherever they are.

More information: *Scientific Reports* (2019). <u>DOI:</u> <u>10.1038/s41598-019-38673-w</u>

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