

Scientists identify 35 genes associated with cannabis use

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A large-scale genetic study found that some of the same genes associated

with the use of cannabis are also associated with certain personality types and psychiatric conditions. The study, published in *Nature Neuroscience*, conducted by a team of scientists who are part of the International Cannabis Consortium, is the largest to date genetic study to look at the use of cannabis.

Researchers used data from the UK Biobank, association results from 23andMe customers who consented to participate in research as well as data from individuals in 16 other smaller study cohorts. In all the researchers looked at data from more than 180,000 people for this study. The researchers found that people with [schizophrenia](#) are also more likely to use cannabis

The study identified 35 different genes associated with cannabis use with the strongest associations in the gene *CADM2*. "*CADM2* has already been associated with risky behaviour, personality and alcohol use," said Jacqueline Vink of Radboud University, and the study's lead author.

For this study, Vink and the researchers were able to look across more than a million genetic variants that together helped to explain approximately 11 percent of the differences in cannabis use between people. The study found a genetic overlap between cannabis use and the use of tobacco and alcohol. There was a similar overlap between cannabis use and personality types that were prone to more risky behaviour or were more extraverted. This means that genetic variants impacting cannabis use partially impact other psychological or psychiatric features as well.

Cannabis and schizophrenia

The study also showed genetic overlap between cannabis use and the risk of schizophrenia. "That is not a big surprise, because previous studies have often shown that cannabis use and schizophrenia are associated

with each other. However, we also studied whether this association is causal," Vink said. "Our study showed that people with a vulnerability to develop schizophrenia are at increased risk of using cannabis."

The researchers used an analysis technique called "Mendelian randomisation" to show a causal relationship between schizophrenia and an increased risk of cannabis use. This may indicate that people with schizophrenia use cannabis as a form of self-medication. However, the researchers cannot exclude a reverse cause-and-effect relationship, meaning that cannabis use could contribute to the risk of schizophrenia.

The study is carried out by a team of researchers collaborating in the International Cannabis Consortium, their next project is to explore which [genes](#) play a role in the frequency of cannabis use and the amount of [cannabis](#) used.

More information: GWAS of lifetime cannabis use reveals new risk loci, genetic overlap with psychiatric traits, and a causal influence of schizophrenia, *Nature Neuroscience* (2018). [DOI: 10.1038/s41593-018-0206-1](#)

Provided by Radboud University

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