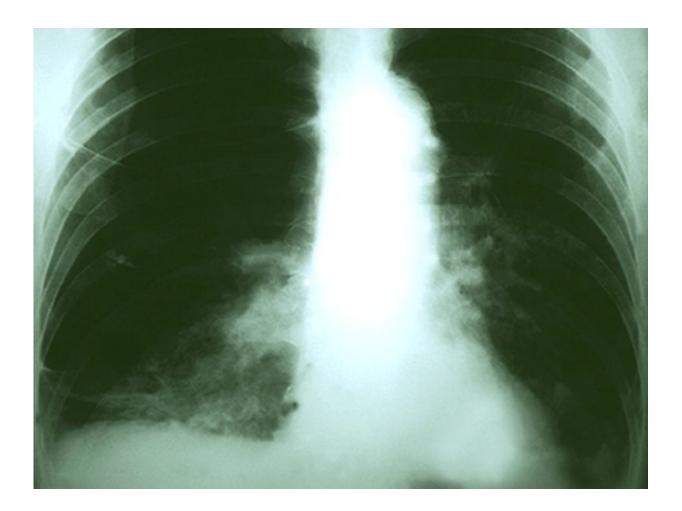


Targeted therapies beneficial in KRASmutated NSCLC

August 3 2016



(HealthDay)—Targeted therapies that do not contain erlotinib can be



beneficial for patients with *KRAS*-mutated (*KRAS* mut+) advanced nonsmall-cell lung cancer (NSCLC), according to a study published online Aug. 1 in the *Journal of Clinical Oncology*.

Vassiliki Papadimitrakopoulou, M.D., from the University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center in Houston, and colleagues examined the effects of targeted therapies in NSCLC. Patients were randomized to four arms: <u>erlotinib</u> (22 <u>patients</u>), erlotinib plus MK-2206 (42 patients), MK-2206 plus AZD6244 (75 patients), or sorafenib (61 patients).

The researchers found that the primary end point of an eight-week disease control rate (DCR) was 48 percent in all 186 evaluable patients (32, 50, 53, and 46 percent, respectively, for the four treatment arms). For the 27 percent of patients who were *KRAS* mut+, DCR was 20, 25, 62, and 44 percent, respectively, compared with 36, 57, 49, and 47 percent, respectively, for *KRAS* wild-type patients. Median progression-free survival was 2.0 months: 1.8 and 2.5 months for arms 1/2 and 3/4, respectively, in *KRAS* mut+ patients (P = 0.04). In *KRAS* wild-type patients, median overall survival was 6.5 months: 9.0 and 5.1 months in arms 1/2 and 3/4, respectively (P = 0.03).

"Despite improved progression-free survival on therapy that did not contain erlotinib for *KRAS* mut+ patients and improved prognosis for mesenchymal tumors, better biomarker-driven treatment strategies are still needed," the authors write.

Several authors disclosed financial ties to biopharmaceutical companies, including Merck and Bayer Healthcare Pharmaceuticals, which supported the study.

More information: Abstract

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Citation: Targeted therapies beneficial in KRAS-mutated NSCLC (2016, August 3) retrieved 24 November 2023 from https://medicalxpress.com/news/2016-08-therapies-beneficial-kras-mutated-nsclc.html

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