

Gastric bypass helps achieve diabetes treatment goals

29 June 2016



diabetes remission, while 17 and 19 percent of gastric bypass patients had full and partial remission, respectively. More medications were used by lifestyle-medical management patients than by gastric bypass patients (mean, 3.8 versus 1.8). Weight loss was 6.3 and 21.0 percent, respectively (P gastric bypass over three years (51 versus 24).

"Gastric bypass is more effective than lifestyle-medical [management](#) intervention in achieving [diabetes](#) treatment goals, mainly by improved glycemic control," the authors write.

Several authors disclosed financial ties to pharmaceutical and medical device companies, including Covidien, which funded the study.

More information: [Full Text \(subscription or payment may be required\)](#)

(HealthDay)—The addition of Roux-en-Y gastric bypass to lifestyle-medical management is associated with improved achievement of treatment goals in type 2 diabetes, according to a study published online June 16 in *Diabetes Care*.

Sayed Ikramuddin, M.D., from the University of Minnesota in Minneapolis, and colleagues randomized 120 adults with body mass index of 30.0 to 39.9 kg/m² and hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) ?8.0 percent to two [treatment](#) arms. All participants received the lifestyle-medical management intervention for 24 months, while half were randomly allocated to receive gastric bypass in addition.

The researchers found that the triple end point goal was met by 9 and 28 percent of lifestyle-medical management and gastric bypass patients, respectively (P = 0.01), at 36 months. At three years, the mean HbA1c values were 8.6 and 6.7 percent, respectively. At 36 months, none of the lifestyle-medical management patients had

Copyright © 2016 [HealthDay](#). All rights reserved.

APA citation: Gastric bypass helps achieve diabetes treatment goals (2016, June 29) retrieved 2 December 2022 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2016-06-gastric-bypass-diabetes-treatment-goals.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.