

## Schoolgirl cancer vaccination encourages mothers to attend cervical screening

12 November 2015, by Jamie Brown

Manchester researchers have shown that the introduction of the HPV vaccination programme for girls has increased uptake for cervical cancer screening by their mothers.

The HPV vaccine offers protection against high risk mothers who had never attended for a smear test. virus strains that are known to cause cervical cancer, and was introduced to the UK in 2008 as a routine vaccination for girls aged 12 to 13 years old. These girls and their parents are provided with information about cervical cancer, HPV as a cause, example by returning to the screening programme." and how the vaccine offers protection, before deciding whether to take part in the programme.

Previous studies in the North West and elsewhere have shown that women who attend for routine cervical smears are more likely to encourage their daughters to take up the offer of HPV vaccination. This latest research explored the reverse scenario.

Angela Spencer, who conducted the study, explained: "Potentially, a lack of knowledge or understanding about the causes and risk of cervical cancer could prevent women from attending screening. We wanted to see if a daughter's involvement in HPV vaccination stimulated her mother's cervical screening attendance."

The group from The University of Manchester, led by Dr Loretta Brabin, Dr Steve Roberts and Dr Arpana Verma, looked at data for over 100,000 mother-daughter pairs in the North West of England where girls had been scheduled to take part in the vaccination programme between 2008 and 2010. They then included for comparison a similar number of women who were not linked to girls eligible for vaccination.

They found that mothers of girls offered vaccination were significantly more likely to return to the cervical screening programme following a period of non-attendance, compared to those women in the comparison group who were not

linked to vaccine eligible girls. Screening return was significantly higher in the year of a daughter's HPV vaccination.

This increased uptake was more apparent for those "Subsequently," noted Mrs Spencer. "Mothers told us that they often still have reservations about screening but discussing vaccination and screening with their daughters encouraged some to set an

Paper entitled "Effect of human papillomavirus vaccination of daughters on the cervical screening uptake of their non-vaccinated mothers" Spencer et al. (2015) European Journal of Public Health.

More information: Angela M. Spencer et al. Effect of human papillomavirus vaccination of daughters on the cervical screening uptake of their non-vaccinated mothers: Figure 1, The European Journal of Public Health (2015). DOI: 10.1093/eurpub/ckv146

Provided by University of Manchester



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