

Meta-analysis finds extended DAPT related to increased mortality after DES implantation

17 March 2015

Data from a meta-analysis published today in *The* significantly lower rates of major bleeding (HR=0.58, Lancet found that extended duration dual antiplatelet therapy (DAPT) after drug-eluting stent (DES) implantation was associated with significantly higher rates of mortality compared to shorter DAPT.

95% CI 0.47-0.72, p

The optimal duration of DAPT has been a matter of debate since the introduction of DES. A metaanalysis using multiple analytical approaches to investigate mortality and other clinical outcomes with different DAPT strategies was conducted.

Researchers examined 31,666 patients from 10 randomized trials comparing different durations of DAPT in patients treated with DES. The primary endpoint was all-cause mortality. Secondary prespecified endpoints included cardiac death, noncardiac death, myocardial infarction (MI), stroke, stent thrombosis (definite or probable), major bleeding, and any bleeding. DAPT duration was categorized in each study as "shorter" vs. "longer," and >6 months vs. 1 year vs. >1 year. Analyses were performed by both frequentist and Bayesian approaches.

Shorter DAPT was associated with significantly lower rates of all-cause mortality compared to longer DAPT (HR=0.82, 95% CI 0.69-0.98, p=0.02; number needed to treat [NNT] =325). This difference was driven by a significant reduction of non-cardiac mortality with shorter DAPT (HR=0.67, 95% CI 0.51-0.89, p=0.006; NNT=347). No significant difference in cardiac mortality was found between the shorter and longer strategies (HR=0.93, 95% CI 0.73-1.17, p=0.52). No significant heterogeneity across trials or between pooled trials stratified by DAPT duration was apparent.

Shorter DAPT was also associated with



APA citation: Meta-analysis finds extended DAPT related to increased mortality after DES implantation (2015, March 17) retrieved 12 October 2022 from https://medicalxpress.com/news/2015-03-meta-analysis-dapt-mortality-des-implantation.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.