

Many patients in cancer centers may not experience a dignified death

8 September 2014

A new study that surveyed physicians and nurses in hospitals within cancer centers in Germany suggests that many patients there do not experience a dignified death. Published early online in *Cancer*, a peer-reviewed journal of the American Cancer Society, the study indicates the need for cancer centers to invest more in palliative care services, adequate rooms for dying patients, staff training in end-of-life care, and advance-care-planning standards.

Previous research has shown that hospitals are often ill-prepared to provide care for [dying patients](#). To investigate whether the circumstances for dying on cancer center wards allow for a dignified death, Karin Jors, MA, of the University Medical Center Freiburg, and her colleagues surveyed physicians and nurses in 16 hospitals belonging to 10 cancer centers in Baden-Württemberg, Germany. The survey addressed topics regarding [end-of-life care](#) including structural conditions such as rooms and staff, education/training, working environment, family/caregivers, medical treatment, communication with patients, and dignified death.

Among 1131 survey respondents, 57 percent believed that patients could die with dignity on their ward. Half of the survey staff members indicated that they rarely have enough time to care for dying patients, and 55 percent found the rooms available for dying patients unsatisfactory. Only 19 percent of respondents felt that they had been well-prepared to care for dying patients (and only 6 percent of physicians felt so). Palliative care staff reported much better conditions for dying patients than staff from other wards, with 95 percent of [palliative care](#) staff indicating that patients die with dignity on their wards. Generally, physicians perceived the circumstances for dying patients much more positively than nurses, especially regarding communication and life-prolonging measures. While 72 percent of physicians reported that patients can usually die a dignified death on their ward, only 52 percent of nurses shared this

opinion.

"In our aging society, it is predicted that the number of hospital deaths will continue to rise in the coming years, and many of these deaths will be attributable to cancer. For this reason, it is particularly important that cancer centers strive to create a comfortable, dignified experience for dying patients and their families," said Jors. "Above all, this requires that staff members are provided with the adequate resources to care for these [patients](#)."

The investigators encourage the integration of palliative care into standard oncology care, beginning as early as diagnosis. They also note that physicians and nurses would benefit from increased education and training in end-of-life care. To promote the development of standards for end-of-life care, establish a comprehensive palliative care curriculum for health care [staff](#), and to encourage further research in this field, the Palliative Care Center of Excellence in Baden-Württemberg (KOMPACT) was established in 2014. "This center combines the expertise of five academic, specialist palliative care departments. We believe that this cooperation is a valuable tool for improving patient care in the end-of-life setting," said Jors.

More information: "Dying in Cancer Centers: Do the circumstances allow for a dignified death?" Karin Jors, Sandra Adami, Carola Xander, Cornelia Meffert, Jan Gaertner, Hubert Bardenheuer, Dieter Buchheidt, Regine Mayer-Steinacker, Marén Viehrig, Wolfgang George, and Gerhild Becker. *Cancer*, Published Online: September 8, 2014 [DOI: 10.1002/cncr.28702](#)

Provided by Wiley

APA citation: Many patients in cancer centers may not experience a dignified death (2014, September 8)
retrieved 28 April 2021 from
<https://medicalxpress.com/news/2014-09-patients-cancer-centers-dignified-death.html>

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