

Catastrophizing can predict low back pain, disability

3 March 2014



Image courtesy of Blausen Medical

investigated in any of the studies.

"The presence of catastrophizing should be considered in <u>patients</u> with persisting back pain," the authors write.

More information: <u>Abstract</u> <u>Full Text (subscription or payment may be required)</u>

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(HealthDay)—For patients treated for low back pain, catastrophizing may predict the degree of pain and disability, according to a review published in the Feb. 1 issue of *Spine*.

Maria M. Wertli, M.D., from the University of Zurich, and colleagues conducted a systematic literature review to examine the effect of catastrophizing on treatment efficacy and outcome in patients treated for <u>low back pain</u>. Eleven studies, comprising 2,269 patients, were included in analyses.

Due to heterogeneity in study settings, treatments, outcomes, and patient populations, meta-analyses were impeded. The researchers found that catastrophizing at baseline predicted disability and pain at follow-up in four and two studies, respectively. In three studies there was no evidence of a predictive effect for catastrophizing. In all five studies that assessed the impact of a decrease in catastrophizing during treatment, a moderating effect was found, with a greater decrease linked to better outcome. There was no effect seen in most studies that assessed the moderating effects on treatment efficacy, although most studies did not focus on a direct interaction between the treatment and catastrophizing thoughts. The influence of catastrophizing on workrelated outcomes, including return to work, was not



APA citation: Catastrophizing can predict low back pain, disability (2014, March 3) retrieved 12 November 2022 from <u>https://medicalxpress.com/news/2014-03-catastrophizing-pain-disability.html</u>

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