

ACC: Niacin/Laropiprant no benefit in vascular disease

12 March 2013



Image courtesy of Blausen Medical

For patients with preexisting occlusive vascular disease, the combination of niacin and the anti-flushing agent laropiprant provides no benefit and is associated with an increase in serious side effects, according to a study presented at the annual meeting of the American College of Cardiology, held from March 9 to 11 in San Francisco.

(HealthDay)—For patients with preexisting occlusive vascular disease, the combination of niacin and the anti-flushing agent laropiprant provides no benefit and is associated with an increase in serious side effects, according to a study presented at the annual meeting of the American College of Cardiology, held from March 9 to 11 in San Francisco.

Jane M. Armitage, M.B.B.S., from the University of Oxford in the United Kingdom, and colleagues randomized 25,673 patients with preexisting occlusive vascular disease at 245 hospitals in six countries to receive daily active extended release (ER) niacin/laropiprant or placebo in addition to background low-density lipoprotein-lowering therapy.

Over four years of follow-up, the researchers found that the number of major vascular events (defined as a composite of non-fatal [myocardial infarction](#) or coronary death, any stroke, or any arterial

[revascularization](#)) was similar for patients receiving ER niacin/laropiprant or placebo (13.2 versus 13.7 percent; $P = 0.29$). Patients treated with ER niacin/laropiprant had a significant excess of bleeding (2.5 versus 1.9 percent) and infections (8.0 versus 6.6 percent). Other serious side effects were significantly increased among the ER niacin/laropiprant-treated patients, including new-onset diabetes, [diabetic complications](#), [gastrointestinal problems](#) such as indigestion and diarrhea, and skin issues such as itching and rashes.

"We are disappointed that these results did not show benefits for our patients," Armitage said in a statement. "Still, finding out a drug is not helping people is just as important as finding that it has benefits—the net result is that people are healthier. [Niacin](#) has been used for many years in the belief that it would help patients and prevent heart attacks and stroke, but we now know that its adverse side effects outweigh the benefits when used with current treatments."

The study was funded by a grant from Merck, which provided the study drugs.

More information: [Press Release](#)
[More Information](#)

[Health News](#) Copyright © 2013 [HealthDay](#). All rights reserved.

APA citation: ACC: Niacin/Laropirant no benefit in vascular disease (2013, March 12) retrieved 4 May 2021 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2013-03-acc-niacinlaropirant-benefit-vascular-disease.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.