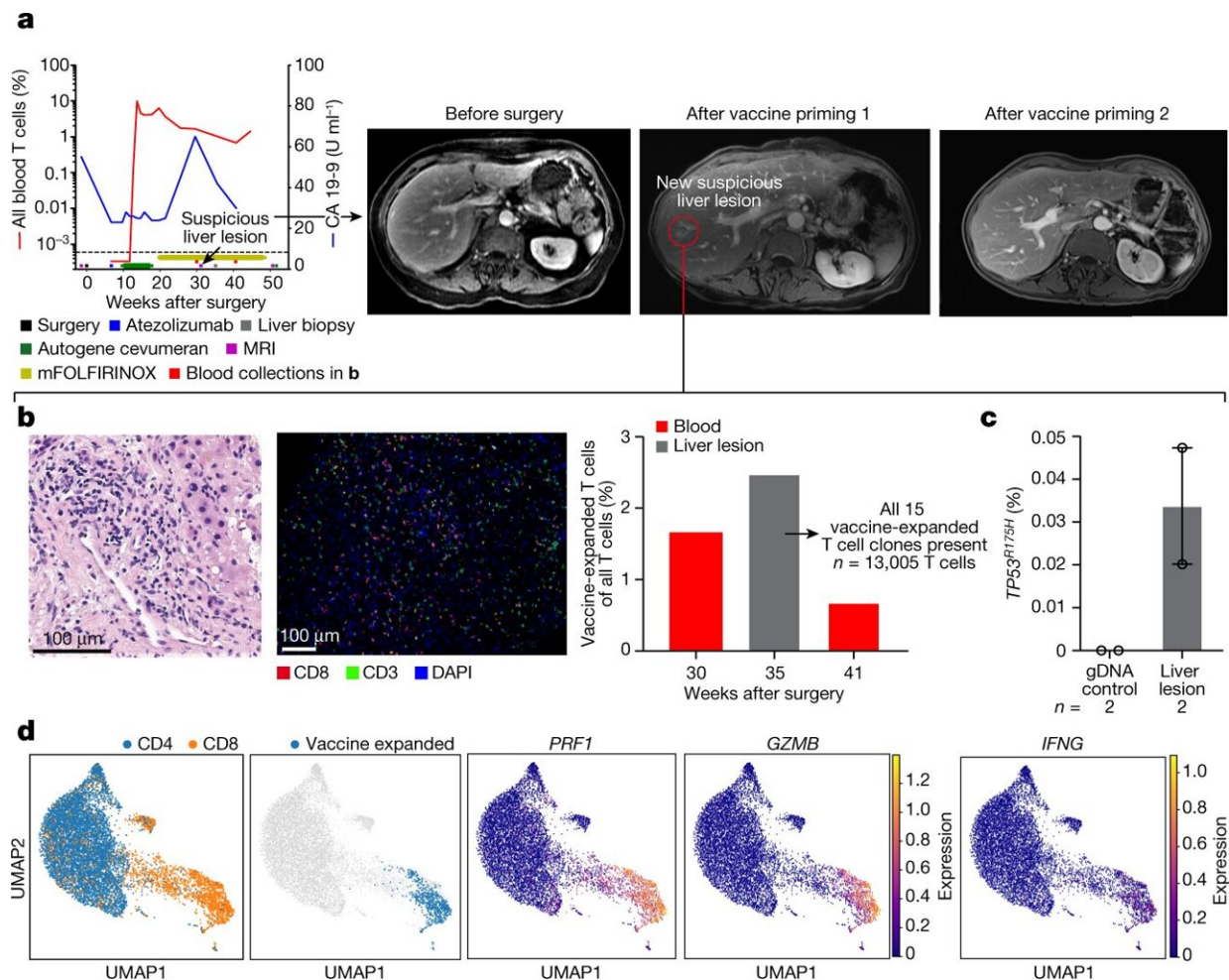


Personalized mRNA vaccine to treat aggressive pancreatic cancer in clinical trial

May 11 2023, by Bob Yirka



Vaccine-expanded T cells can infiltrate a micrometastasis. Clinical and immunological snapshot of a disappearing intrahepatic lymphoid aggregate after vaccination in a patient who responded to the vaccine. a, Serial percentage of vaccine-expanded T cells in blood analyzed using CloneTrack and serum CA19-9 (left), and abdominal MRI (right) before and after vaccination. b,

Haematoxylin and eosin staining (left), multiplexed immunofluorescence (middle) and percentage of vaccine-expanded T cells measured using CloneTrack (right, gray bar) in a new liver lesion that developed after vaccination detected by MRI as in a. All 15 vaccine-expanded T cell clones (a, red line) were present in liver lesion (right, gray bar). c, Percentage of mutant TP53^{R175H} reads by digital droplet PCR in the liver lesion. The bar indicates the median, the error bars are the s.e.m. d, Uniform manifold approximation and projection (UMAP) plots of single-cell phenotypes of all blood T cells (left) and vaccine-expanded clones (middle), with effector markers (right). n indicates the number of T cells detected in liver lesion (b) or technical replicates (c). Data represent analyses of a single patient. Credit: *Nature* (2023). DOI: 10.1038/s41586-023-06063-y

A large team of medical researchers at Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center, in New York, working with colleagues from the Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai and German firm BioNTech has developed a personalized mRNA vaccine that shows promise against an aggressive form of pancreatic cancer in clinical trial results.

In their study, reported in the journal *Nature*, the group demonstrated that T cells specific to pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma neoantigens can be activated by individualized mRNA vaccines. Amanda Huff and Neeha Zaidi with the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine have published a News & Views piece in the same journal issue outlining the work done by the team.

Pancreatic cancer is one of the deadliest types of cancer because it typically has no symptoms until its late stages, when it is difficult to treat. One type of [pancreatic cancer](#), called pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma (PDAC) is particularly deadly—it kills approximately 88% of those diagnosed with it, making it the third most deadly form of cancer in the U.S. Patients diagnosed with PDAC are generally given

two options—make plans for dying or undergo medical and [surgical treatment](#) with fingers crossed.

In recent years, immune-checkpoint inhibitors, which are immunotherapeutic agents, have proven effective for several types of cancer. However, PDAC is not one of them, though the team now reports that personalized vaccines might make such an approach viable.

Immunotherapy works by inducing the [immune system](#) to attack tumors by recognizing proteins (neoantigens) on tumor cell surfaces. The research team found that an individualized mRNA [vaccine](#) can incite attack by T cells specific to the neoantigens on the tumor surface.

Initial testing of the vaccine was conducted with 16 volunteers, each of whom first had their tumors removed surgically. The tumors were then used to make 16 unique vaccines, which were administered to the patients. Each was also given chemotherapy and atezolizumab, a generic form of immunotherapy. A large T cell response was observed in half the patients, and 18 months later, none of them showed signs of [cancer](#) progression.

More information: Luis A. Rojas et al, Personalized RNA neoantigen vaccines stimulate T cells in pancreatic cancer, *Nature* (2023). [DOI: 10.1038/s41586-023-06063-y](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-023-06063-y)

Amanda L. Huff et al, Vaccine boosts T cells that target pancreatic tumours, *Nature* (2023). [DOI: 10.1038/d41586-023-01526-8](https://doi.org/10.1038/d41586-023-01526-8)

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