

Depression and anxiety rife among doctors during first and second wave of COVID-19 pandemic, study finds

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High levels of anxiety and depression among medical doctors have been recorded in a new cross-country study that finds Italian doctors most

likely to have experienced mental health symptoms during the pandemic.

The study, published in the peer-reviewed journal *PLOS ONE*, measured the mental wellbeing of doctors in Catalonia (Spain), Italy and the UK using over 5,000 survey responses gathered at two points of the pandemic, in June and November/December 2020.

It found that around 1 in 4 medical doctors in Italy had experienced symptoms of anxiety in June and December 2020, with around 1 in 5 reporting symptoms of [depression](#) over the same period.

In Catalonia around 16% of doctors reported anxiety and around 17% depression symptoms during the same period, while in the UK around 12% of doctors reported anxiety and around 14% depression symptoms.

The study is among the first cross-country analyses of mental wellbeing among [healthcare workers](#) during the COVID-19 pandemic and the first to focus on medical doctors—including consultants, specialty doctors and associate specialists (SAs), specialty registrars, [junior doctors](#) and general practitioners.

Across all countries, female doctors were more likely to have anxiety and depression symptoms—in Italy there was a 60% greater likelihood of female doctors reporting anxiety symptoms, and in the UK there was a 54% greater prevalence of depression symptoms among female doctors.

Younger doctors (under 60) were more likely to experience anxiety and depression symptoms in each of the three countries, and a correlation was also found between perceptions of workplace safety and mental health.

Around half of Italian doctors disagreed with the statement 'my

workplace is providing me with the necessary PPE' in June 2020, a figure that decreased to 30% in December 2020.

This made Italy the country with both the lowest perceived workplace safety and highest rates of anxiety and depression.

Doctors from all three countries who felt vulnerable or exposed in their workplace all had greater odds of anxiety and depression symptoms.

Those who reported below normal health (below 3 on a 1-5 scale) had higher odds of anxiety and depression.

And doctors who had worked 40 hours or more in the previous week also had higher odds of anxiety and depression.

Co-author of the study and principal investigator Climent Quintana-Domeque, Professor of Economics at the University of Exeter Business School, said the study can inform how to protect and promote the mental wellbeing of medical doctors in current and future pandemics.

Professor Quintana-Domeque said: "The COVID-19 pandemic has been classified as a traumatic event, with healthcare workers arguably having the most direct and longest exposure to this disease.

"Our study identified a high prevalence of [anxiety](#) and [depression symptoms](#) among [medical doctors](#) in both the first and second waves of the [pandemic](#), and the similar patterns across countries suggest that our findings may be applicable to other European settings.

"The results of this study suggest that institutional support for healthcare workers, and in particular doctors, is important in protecting and promoting their [mental health](#) in the current and in future pandemics."

The study "Anxiety and Depression among Medical Doctors in Catalonia, Italy, and the UK during the COVID-19 Pandemic" is published in *PLOS ONE*.

More information: "Anxiety and Depression among Medical Doctors in Catalonia, Italy, and the UK during the COVID-19 Pandemic" *PLOS ONE* (2021). [journals.plos.org/plosone/arti ... journal.pone.0259213](https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0259213)

Provided by University of Exeter

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