

# Infants little affected by COVID-19

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COVID-19 is a very different disease in infants; compared to adults, most do surprisingly well when infected with the SARS-CoV-2 virus, which causes the disease.

Indeed, a new CHU Sainte-Justine study of Montreal infants infected during the first wave on the pandemic, between Valentine's Day and the

end of May, shows that most recovered quickly and had only very mild symptoms.

Led by Dr. Fatima Kakkar, an associate medical professor at Université de Montréal), the study of clinical characteristics and [disease](#) severity among infants was published Monday online in *JAMA Network Open*.

## **A higher rate of hospitalizations**

Both in Quebec and across Canada, infants have had a higher rate of hospitalizations from COVID-19 as compared to other pediatric age groups. In the new study, out of 1,165 infants tested, 25 (2 percent) tested positive for SARS-CoV-2, and of these, just under one-third required hospitalization.

However, these hospitalizations were of [short duration](#) (on average, two days), and more often reflected routine clinical practice whereby all newborns with fever are admitted for observation, an infectious workup, and administration of antibiotics pending results.

In 19 percent of cases, other infections such as those of the [urinary tract](#) were found to explain the cause of the infant's fever. Most importantly, in 89 percent of cases, [infection](#) was mild, and none of the infants required oxygen or mechanical ventilation.

## **Effects little known**

During the first wave of the pandemic, little was known about the effects of acute SARS-CoV-2 infection in infants and newborns. Data was limited to a few case reports from the original outbreak in Wuhan, China, showing high rates of hospitalization and severity of illness.

This was consistent with other common infectious diseases: newborns

and infants are generally at much higher risk of severe disease, such as influenza and respiratory syncytial virus. The researchers therefore anticipated the same severe outcomes in newborns infected with SARS-CoV-2.

## Reassurance for parents

Their findings should reassure parents and caregivers about the outcome of COVID-19 infection in infants, Kakar said. "We have yet to understand how infants are protected from severe disease."

Other studies are now underway at the Montreal pediatric [hospital](#) research centre to understand the differences in the immunological response to SARS-CoV-2 in [infants](#) compared to their parents.

**More information:** Luc Panetta et al. Clinical Characteristics and Disease Severity Among Infants With SARS-CoV-2 Infection in Montreal, Quebec, Canada, *JAMA Network Open* (2020). [DOI: 10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2020.30470](#)

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